

CDR KO Mouse

Catalogue number: 154097

Sub-type: Mouse

Images:

Contributor

Inventor: Riccardo Dalla-Favera

Institute: The Trustees of Columbia University in the City of New York

Images:

Tool details

***FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY**

Name: CDR KO Mouse

Alternate name:

Class:

Conjugate:

Description: Deletion of chromosomal region 13q14 represents the most common genetic aberration in B-Cell chronic lymphoma. Deletion of human chromosomal region 13q14 (mouse 14qC3) represents the most common genetic aberration in B-cell chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL), a neoplasm of mature B lymphocytes. 13q14 deletions are commonly large and heterogeneous in size and affect multiple genes. Contained within the 13q14 region is the 0.69 megabase-large genomic region telomeric to the MDR called the common deleted region (CDR). The CDR encompasses the DLUE2 gene, miR-15a/16-1 cluster, DLEU1 gene, DLEU7 gene and RNASEH2B gene. Deletion of the CDR in this model organism recapitulates the full spectrum of CLL-associated lymphoproliferations in humans. Knockout of the CDR allele was induced in B-cells by crossing with CD19-Cre mice.

Purpose:

Parental cell:

Organism:

Tissue:

Model: Conditional KO

Gender:

Isotype:

Reactivity:

Selectivity:

Host:

Immunogen:

Immunogen UNIPROT ID:

Sequence:

Growth properties:

Production details: The 2 targeting vectors used to flank the CDR with loxP and frt sites were derivatives of pEmod227 containing either a phosphoglycerate kinase (PK)â?? neomycin-resistance (5â??tag) or a PK-hygromycin-resistance (3â??tag) poly(A) cassette, the herpes simplex virus thymidine kinase gene (both tags), a loxP and a frt site (both tags), a promoterless gene encoding enhanced green fluorescent protein (eGFP) and immediately preceding a triple simian virus 40 poly(A) site in 5â??tag, a PK promoter (3â??tag), and multiple unique restriction sites for cloning 14qC3 segments corresponding to the homology arms. Successively inserted into the cloning sites of the corresponding 5â??tag and 3â??tag vectors were 2 DNA fragments of the 129/Sv-14qC3 locus. The linearized 5â??tag vector was electroporated into W9.5 embryonic stem (ES) cells derived from 129/SvEvTac. Correctly targeted ES cell were then electroporated with the linearized 3â??tag vector. Chimeras were obtained after injection of the targeted ES clones into blastocysts derived from C57BL/6 mice. From the chimeras, mice were obtained with the loxP-flanked CDR allele in germline CDRfl/+, as determined by Southern blot analysis.

Formulation:**Recommended controls:****Bacterial resistance:****Selectable markers:****Additional notes:**

Target details

Target: Common deleted region of h13q14/m14qC3

Target alternate names:**Target background:****Molecular weight:****Ic50:**

Applications

Application:**Application notes:**

Handling

Format:**Concentration:****Passage number:****Growth medium:****Temperature:****Atmosphere:**

Volume:

Storage medium:

Storage buffer:

Storage conditions:

Shipping conditions: Embryo/Spermatozoa- Dry Ice

Related tools

Related tools:

References

References: Brescia et al. 2018. Cancer Cell. 34(3):453-465.e9. PMID: 30205047. ; MEF2B Instructs Germinal Center Development and Acts as an Oncogene in B Cell Lymphomagenesis.

CancerTools.org