

CDK2 inhibitor NU6301 Small Molecule (Tool Compound)

Catalogue number: 152754

Sub-type: Inhibitor

Images:

Contributor

Inventor: Roger Griffin

Institute: Newcastle University

Images:

Tool details

***FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY**

Name: CDK2 inhibitor NU6301 Small Molecule (Tool Compound)

Alternate name:

Class:

Conjugate:

Description: The CDK2 inhibitor NU6301 is a water soluble prodrug of NU6102, a potent CDK1/cyclin B and CDK2/cyclin A3 inhibitor (IC₅₀ values are 9.5 and 5.4 nM for CDK1/cyclin B and CDK2/cyclin A3 respectively). CDK2 is a member of a family of serine/threonine protein kinases that participate in cell cycle regulation. CDK2 is the catalytic subunit of the cyclin-dependent protein kinase complex, which regulates progression through the cell cycle. Activity of this protein is especially critical during the G1 to S phase transition. CDK2 associates with and regulated by other subunits of the complex including cyclin A or E, CDK inhibitor p21Cip1 (CDKN1A), and p27Kip1 (CDKN1B).

Purpose: Inhibitor

Parental cell:

Organism:

Tissue:

Model:

Gender:

Isotype:

Reactivity:

Selectivity:

Host:

Immunogen:

Immunogen UNIPROT ID:

Sequence:

Growth properties:
Production details:
Formulation:
Recommended controls:
Bacterial resistance:
Selectable markers:
Additional notes:

Target details

Target:

Target alternate names:

Target background:

Molecular weight:

IC₅₀:

Applications

Application: The prodrug NU6301 rapidly generated NU6102 in vitro in mouse plasma, and tumour NU6102 levels in vivo consistent with activity in vitro. Eight or 12 hourly dosing of 120 mg/kg NU6301 for 10 days was well tolerated in SKUT-1B tumour-bearing mice and inhibited Rb phosphorylation in tumour tissue. Two (8 hourly dosing) and 3 (12 hourly dosing) day tumour growth delay was observed ($p=0.04$ and $p=0.007$, respectively) following NU6301 administration. NU6102 selectively inhibited the growth of CDK2 WT (wild type) versus KO MEFs (knockout mouse embryo fibroblasts) (GI₅₀ (concentration required to inhibit cell growth by 50%) $14 \text{ } \mu\text{M}$ versus $>30 \text{ } \mu\text{M}$), and was more growth-inhibitory in p53 mutant or null versus p53 WT cells ($p=0.02$), and in Rb (retinoblastoma protein) WT SKUT-1B versus SKUT 1 Rb deficient cells ($p=0.01$). In SKUT-1B cells NU6102 induced a G2 arrest, inhibition of Rb phosphorylation and cytotoxicity (LC₅₀ $2.6 \text{ } \mu\text{M}$ for a 24h exposure).

Application notes:

Handling

Format:
Concentration:
Passage number:
Growth medium:
Temperature:
Atmosphere:
Volume:
Storage medium:
Storage buffer:

Storage conditions:

Shipping conditions: Dry Ice

Related tools

Related tools:

References

References: Franks et al. 1978. J Pathol. 124(1):35-8. PMID: 722371. ; A cell line from an induced carcinoma of mouse rectum.

CancerTools.org