

Coming soon HCI-049 PDX

Catalogue number: 162116

Tool type:

Contributor

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Images:

Tool details

***FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY**

Name: Coming soon HCI-049 PDX

Alternate name:

Class:

Conjugate:

Description: Please register your interest through the enquiry button (quote not currently available)

Human breast cancer-derived xenograft that retains high fidelity to original tumour and provides valuable resources for drug discovery and precision oncology. This panel of Patient Derived Xenografts provide models for some of the deadliest forms of breast cancer including drug-resistant, metastatic tumours, and endocrine-resistant estrogen receptor-positive (ER+) and HER2+ tumours.

Sample taken in 2018 from primary breast tumour of a Caucasian female, age 33 at time of collection with a primary diagnosis of IDC; 2018. Patient had a previous history of smoking. Metastasis was not detected. Patient had not undergone radiation therapy and had not received systemic treatment prior to sample collection.

Patient and PDX characteristics were as follows - ER status: positive, PR status: positive, HER2 status: negative. PDX information: Estrogen dependent. PAM50 subtype tests not done and tests to detect metastasis not done.

Purpose:

Parental cell:

Organism:

Tissue:

Model:

Gender: Female

Isotype:

Reactivity:

Selectivity:

Host:

Immunogen:

Immunogen UNIPROT ID:

Sequence:

Growth properties:

Production details: Fresh or thawed human breast tumour fragments were implanted into the cleared inguinal mammary fat pad of female Immune-compromised mice. For bone metastasis samples, bone fragments were coimplanted. For liquid specimens, pleural effusion, or ascites fluid, 1-2 million cells were injected into cleared mammary fat pads in Matrigel. For ER+ tumours, mice were dosed with E2 beeswax pellets and given supplemental E2 via drinking water. When tumours reached 1-2 cm in diameter, tumours were aseptically collected and reimplanted into new mice or banked. Estrogen-independent ER+ breast PDX models were generated when ER+ PDX tumours were transplanted into ovariectomized mice without E2 supplementation.

Formulation: Frozen explant from the xenografted tumour

Recommended controls:

Bacterial resistance:

Selectable markers:

Additional notes: Additional Information on PDX establishment:

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s43018-022-00337-6/figures/9>

Patient details

Cancer subtype: Infiltrating Ductal Carcinoma

Cancer stage/grade: Stage T2, N0, M0, Grade 3

Biopsy site: Breast (primary)

Patient ethnicity: Caucasian

Treatment history:

Engraftment details

Mice passaged?: Yes

Engraftment site: Cleared mammary fat pad

Sample type: Frozen Donor Specimen

Host strain: Immunocompromised mice NOD scid gamma (NSG) Jackson Laboratory 5557; NOD/scid, Jackson Laboratory 1303 or NOD rag gamma (NRG), Jackson Laboratory 7799

Histology:

Genetic data: Whole exome sequencing, SNP array, CNV data and RNA sequence from Guillen et al. 2022 Nature Cancer, is available in NIH database dbGaP under accession number phs002479.v1.p1

Target details

Target:

Target alternate names:

Target background:
Molecular weight:
lc50:

Applications

Application:
Application notes:

Handling

Format: Frozen explant from the xenografted tumour

Concentration:

Passage number:

Growth medium:

Temperature:

Atmosphere:

Volume:

Storage medium:

Storage buffer:

Storage conditions:

Shipping conditions:

CancerTools.org

Related tools

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References

References: