ZR-75-1 [VIII-12] cell line

Catalogue number: 154553 Sub-type: Continuous Images:

Contributor

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Tool details

***FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY**

Name: ZR-75-1 [VIII-12] cell line

Alternate name:

Class:

Conjugate:

Cancer Tools.org Description: Breast cancer is widely and effectively treated with endocrine treatment. However, in many cases the tumours will eventually progress into an estrogen-independent and therapy-resistant phenotype. Retroviral insertion mutagenesis was used to generate this cell line in order to elucidate the molecular mechanisms underlaying endocrine therapy failure. Using this method the main genes conferring estrogen independence in human breast cancer cells where identified. Genes located in the immediate proximity of the retroviral integration site were characterised. Out of 15 candidate breast cancer antigen resistance (BCAR) genes, seven (AKT1, AKT2, BCAR1, BCAR3, EGFR2, GRB7 and TRERF1/BCAR2) were shown to directly underline estrogen independence. Cell line with a common Virus Integration Site, which may be responsible for estrogen independence: MAP7 and additional integration in FGF19 This cell line is part of a panel of 71 cell lines (Cat No 154549-154619) plus the parental (Cat No 154547). These cell lines are a powerful tool for studying the molecular and cellular mechanisms of breast tumour progression, therapy resistance and to test the effectiveness of novel drugs to combat different modes of anti-estrogen insensitivity.

Purpose:

Parental cell: ZR-75-1 **Organism:** Human Tissue: Breast Model: Cancer Model Gender: **Isotype: Reactivity:** Selectivity:

Host: Immunogen: Immunogen UNIPROT ID: Sequence: Growth properties:

Production details: ZR-75-1 cells were infected with amphotropic, defective murine retrovirus and plated in medium containing 1uM of 4-hydroxy-tamoxifen. Within 5 weeks after the start of selection proliferating colonies were individually picked and expanded to stable cell lines Formulation:

Recommended controls: Bacterial resistance: Selectable markers: Additional notes:

Target details

CancerTools.org Target: Breast cancer anti-estrogen resistance genes; MAP7

Target alternate names:

Target background:

Molecular weight:

Ic50:

Applications

Application:

Application notes: Cell line with a common Virus Integration Site, which may be responsible for estrogen independence: MAP7 and additional integration in FGF19

Handling

Format: Frozen **Concentration:** Passage number: Growth medium: RPMI 1640 medium supplemented with 10% heat-inactivated bovine calf serum (RBCS) **Temperature:** Atmosphere: Volume: Storage medium: Storage buffer: Storage conditions:

Liquid Nitrogen Shipping conditions: Dry ice

Related tools

Related tools:

References

References: van Agthoven et al. 2009. Breast Cancer Res Treat. 114(1):23-30. PMID: 18351453.

Cancer Tools.org