# MCF7/AnaR-1 Cell Line

Catalogue number: 152551 Sub-type: Continuous

Images:

#### Contributor

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Images:

### **Tool details**

#### \*FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY

Alternate name: MCF-7/AnaR-1; AnaR-1
Class:
Conjugate:
Description: 165 Description: MCF7/AnaR-1 is a cell culture model mimicking acquired resistance of aromatase inhibitors (Als) - an anti-cancer therapy. This breast cancer cell line was established from MCF7/S0.5 cells, which originates from MCF7 cells. The cellular classification is epithelial, and their shape is polygonal. The MCF7/AnaR-1 cell line is resistant to the third generation AI - anastrozole (Arimidex). MCF/AnaR-1 is oestrogen receptor positive. Third generation Als have proven to be effective treatment for oestrogen receptor positive (ER+) breast cancer and therefore are recommended as first line endocrine therapy for postmenopausal ER+ breast cancer patients. Previous applications of this cell line include western blot analysis of protein expression. Since molecular mechanisms of AI resistance are largely undisclosed, the development of cell lines resistant to the non-steroidal AI anastrozole allows the study of the molecular basis for AI resistance to find new targets for treatment.

Purpose:

Parental cell: MCF7 Organism: Human Tissue: Breast

Model:

Gender: Female

Isotype: Reactivity: Selectivity:

Host:

Immunogen:

**Immunogen UNIPROT ID:** 

#### Sequence:

Growth properties: Breast cancer cell line resistant to the aromatase inhibitor anastrozole. Estrogen receptor positive.

**Production details:** Anastrozole-resistant cell lines were established from MCF7 cells grown in medium with 10% NCS and 10-7 M testosterone. A culture of MCF7 cells were treated with 10-7 M anastrozole for one week, trypsinised and seeded in serial dilutions in 24-well plates. Single colonies were transferred to new wells and gradually expanded in medium with anastrozole. After 2-3 months, the isolated colonies gave rise to anastrozole-resistant cell lines, which could be grown in anastrozolecontaining medium wi...

Formulation:

Recommended controls: Bacterial resistance: Selectable markers: Additional notes:

## **Target details**

Cancer Tools.org Target: Anastrozole resistance

**Target alternate names:** 

Target background:

Molecular weight:

Ic50:

## **Applications**

Application: Investigation of molecular mechanisms of resistance

Application notes: Other related cell lines: - LetR-1, LetR-2, LetR-3 and LetR-4 resistant to the nonsteroidal AI letrozole - ExeR-1, ExeR-2, ExeR-3 and ExeR-4 resistant to the steroidal AI exemestane -AnaR-2, AnaR-3 and AnaR-4 resistant to the non-steroidal Al anastrozole Passage 431 (AL3208. AL3209)

# **Handling**

Format: Frozen **Concentration:** 

Passage number: Passage 431 (AL3208. AL3209)

**Growth medium:** Phenol-red-free DMEM/F12 medium supplemented with 10% newborn calf serum,

2.5 mM Glutamax, 6 ng/ ml insulin, 0.1 uM testosterone and 0.1 uM anastrozole.

Temperature: 37° C

**Atmosphere:** Humidified air with 5% CO2

Volume:

Storage medium:
Storage buffer:
Storage conditions:
Shipping conditions: Dry ice

#### Related tools

**Related tools:** MCF7/AnaR-2 Cell Line Other related cell lines: - LetR-1, LetR-2, LetR-3 and LetR-4 resistant to the non-steroidal AI letrozole - ExeR-1, ExeR-2, ExeR-3 and ExeR-4 resistant to the steroidal AI exemestane - AnaR-2, AnaR-3 and AnaR-4 resistant to the non-steroidal AI anastrozole

### References

**References:** Hole et al. 2015. Breast Cancer Res Treat. 149(3):715-26. PMID: 25667100. ; Hole et al. 2015. Int J Oncol. 46(4):1481-90. PMID: 25625755. ; Aurora kinase A and B as new treatment targets in aromatase inhibitor-resistant breast cancer cells. ; New cell culture model for aromatase inhibitor-resistant breast cancer shows sensitivity to fulvestrant treatment and cross-resistance between letrozole and exemestane.