

# HeLa mCherry-Histone H2B EGFP-Alpha Tubulin Cell Line

**Catalogue number:** 152987

**Sub-type:** Continuous

**Images:**

## Contributor

**Inventor:** Francis Barr

**Institute:** University of Liverpool

**Images:**

## Tool details

**\*FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY**

**Name:** HeLa mCherry-Histone H2B EGFP-Alpha Tubulin Cell Line

**Alternate name:**

**Class:**

**Conjugate:**

**Description:** The human histone H2B gene was fused to the gene encoding mCherry and Alpha Tubulin was similarly fused to EGFP. Both constructs were transfected into human HeLa cells to generate a stable line constitutively expressing H2B-mCherry and EGFP-Alpha Tubulin. The mCherry-Histone H2B fusion protein was incorporated into nucleosomes without affecting cell cycle progression. The cell line allows high-resolution imaging of both mitotic chromosomes and interphase chromatin.

**Purpose:**

**Parental cell:** HeLa

**Organism:** Human

**Tissue:** Cervix

**Model:** Reporter

**Gender:**

**Isotype:**

**Reactivity:**

**Selectivity:**

**Host:**

**Immunogen:**

**Immunogen UNIPROT ID:**

**Sequence:**

**Growth properties:**

**Production details:**

**Formulation:**

**Recommended controls:** HeLa parental line

**Bacterial resistance:**

**Selectable markers:**

**Additional notes:**

## Target details

**Target:** Histone H2B, Alpha Tubulin

**Target alternate names:**

**Target background:**

**Molecular weight:**

**Ic50:**

## Applications

**Application:**

**Application notes:**

## Handling

**Format:** Frozen

**Concentration:**

**Passage number:**

**Growth medium:** DMEM, 10% FBS, 5% CO<sub>2</sub>, 37°C. Antibiotic selection for GFP and mCherry expression: 1 µg/mL Puromycin, 2 µg/mL Blasticidine, expression is quite stable but selecting at least every two passages is recommended.

**Temperature:**

**Atmosphere:**

**Volume:**

**Storage medium:**

**Storage buffer:**

**Storage conditions:**

**Shipping conditions:** Dry ice

## Related tools

**Related tools:** HeLa EGFP-Histone H2B Cell Line

## References

**References:** Bell et al. 2007. J Clin Invest. 117(4):1008-18. PMID: 17347683. ; A p53-derived apoptotic peptide derepresses p73 to cause tumor regression in vivo.

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