

# Anti-Integrin Beta-1D (CD29) [2B1]

**Catalogue number:** 154743

**Sub-type:** Primary antibody

**Images:**

## Contributor

**Inventor:** Arnoud Sonnenberg

**Institute:** Netherlands Cancer Institute

**Images:**

## Tool details

**\*FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY**

**Name:** Anti-Integrin Beta-1D (CD29) [2B1]

**Alternate name:** ITGB1; MSK12

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**Class:** Monoclonal

**Conjugate:** Unconjugated

**Description:** ITGB1 is a cell surface receptor that in humans is encoded by the ITGB1 gene. This integrin associates with integrin alpha 1 and integrin alpha 2 to form integrin complexes which function as collagen receptors. It also forms dimers with integrin alpha 3 to form integrin receptors for netrin 1 and reelin. These and other integrin beta 1 complexes have been historically known as very late activation (VLA) antigens. Integrin beta 1 is expressed as at least four different isoforms. In cardiac muscle and skeletal muscle, the integrin beta-1D isoform is specifically expressed, and localizes to costameres, where it aids in the lateral force transmission from the Z-discs to the extracellular matrix. Abnormal levels of integrin beta-1D have been found in limb girdle muscular dystrophy and polyneuropathy

**Purpose:**

**Parental cell:**

**Organism:**

**Tissue:**

**Model:**

**Gender:**

**Isotype:** IgG1

**Reactivity:** Dog ; Human ; Mouse ; Pig

**Selectivity:**

**Host:** Mouse

**Immunogen:** A mouse was immunized with a synthetic peptide corresponding to the C-terminal 24 amino acids of integrin 1D including an appending N-terminal cysteine (CQENPIYKSPINNFKNPNYGRKAGL) coupled to keyhole limpet hemocyanin.

**Immunogen UNIPROT ID:**

**Sequence:**

**Growth properties:**

**Production details:**

**Formulation:**

**Recommended controls:**

**Bacterial resistance:**

**Selectable markers:**

**Additional notes:**

## Target details

**Target:** Integrin ?1D

**Target alternate names:**

**Target background:** ITGB1 is a cell surface receptor that in humans is encoded by the ITGB1 gene. This integrin associates with integrin alpha 1 and integrin alpha 2 to form integrin complexes which function as collagen receptors. It also forms dimers with integrin alpha 3 to form integrin receptors for netrin 1 and reelin. These and other integrin beta 1 complexes have been historically known as very late activation (VLA) antigens. Integrin beta 1 is expressed as at least four different isoforms. In cardiac

muscle and skeletal muscle, the integrin beta-1D isoform is specifically expressed, and localizes to costameres, where it aids in the lateral force transmission from the Z-discs to the extracellular matrix. Abnormal levels of integrin beta-1D have been found in limb girdle muscular dystrophy and polyneuropathy

**Molecular weight:**

**Ic50:**

## Applications

**Application:** IHC ; WB

**Application notes:**

## Handling

**Format:** Liquid

**Concentration:** 0.9-1.1 mg/ml

**Passage number:**

**Growth medium:**

**Temperature:**

**Atmosphere:**

**Volume:**

**Storage medium:**

**Storage buffer:** PBS with 0.02% azide

**Storage conditions:** -15° C to -25° C

**Shipping conditions:** Shipping at 4° C

## Related tools

**Related tools:**

## References

**References:** de Melker et al. 1997. Lab Invest. 76(4):547-63. PMID: 9111516. ; Delwel et al. 1994. Mol Biol Cell. 5(2):203-15. PMID: 8019006.