# **Anti-Factor VII [RFF-VII/2]**

Catalogue number: 151532

Sub-type: Images:

#### Contributor

**Inventor:** Alison Goodall

Institute: University College London (UCL)

Images:

### **Tool details**

#### \*FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY

Name: Anti-Factor VII [RFF-VII/2]

Alternate name:

Class: Monoclonal

Conjugate: Unconjugated

Cancer Tools.org Description: Factor VII is a 50kDa multi-domain, single chain plasma glycoprotein synthesised in the liver. It is essential for blood coagulation. Factor VII is converted to the active, two chain, serine protease Factor VIIa via cleavage by thrombin, factor Xa, factor IXa or factor XIIa. Factor VIIa converts factor X to factor Xa, which in turn converts prothrombin to thrombin. This monoclonal antibody inhibits human FVII activity and may also be used to immunodeplete FVII from normal plasma.

Purpose: Parental cell: Organism: Tissue: Model: Gender:

Isotype: IgG1 kappa Reactivity: Human

Selectivity: Host: Mouse

Immunogen: Purified human Factor VII

**Immunogen UNIPROT ID:** 

Sequence:

**Growth properties:** Production details:

Formulation:

Recommended controls:

**Bacterial resistance:** Selectable markers: Additional notes:

## **Target details**

Target: Factor VII

#### **Target alternate names:**

Target background: Factor VII is a 50kDa multi-domain, single chain plasma glycoprotein synthesised in the liver. It is essential for blood coagulation. Factor VII is converted to the active, two chain, serine protease Factor VIIa via cleavage by thrombin, factor Xa, factor IXa or factor XIIa. Factor VIIa converts factor X to factor Xa, which in turn converts prothrombin to thrombin. This monoclonal antibody inhibits human FVII activity and may also be used to immunodeplete FVII from normal plasma.

#### Molecular weight:

Application: ELISA; Fn; WB Application notes:

# **Handling**

Format: Liquid

Concentration: 0.9-1.1mg/ml

Passage number: Growth medium: **Temperature: Atmosphere:** Volume:

**Storage medium:** 

Storage buffer: RPMI + 10% FCS; non-adherent; subculture every 2-3 days; split 1:5

Storage conditions: -15° C to -25° C Shipping conditions: Shipping at 4° C

### Related tools

#### Related tools:

#### References

**References:** Goodall et al. 1985. Thromb Haemost. 54(4):878-91. PMID: 3937279. ; Registry of monoclonal antibodies to factor VIII and von Willebrand factor. International Committee on Thrombosis and Haemostasis. ; Rotblat et al. 1985. Biochemistry. 24(16):4294-300. PMID: 2413885. ; Purification of human factor VIII:C and its characterization by Western blotting using monoclonal antibodies. ; Rotblat et al. 1983. J Lab Clin Med. 101(5):736-46. PMID: 6403638. ; Monoclonal antibodies to human procoagulant factor VIII.

