# Anti-Collagen Type VII [LH7.2]

Catalogue number: 152691 Sub-type: Primary antibody

Images:

#### Contributor

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Images:

## **Tool details**

#### \*FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY

Name: Anti-Collagen Type VII [LH7.2]

Alternate name:

Class: Monoclonal

Conjugate: Unconjugated

Cancer Tools.org **Description:** Type VII Collagen is found in anchoring fibrils at the dermal-epidermal junction. Type VII collagen is defective in Recessive Dystrophic Epidemolysis Bullosa (RDEB). LH7.2 can be used for differentiating invasive from non-invasive melanoma through clear visualisation of appearance and integrity of epidermal basement membrane and diagnosis and antenatal diagnosis of RDEB. LH 7:2 recognizes an EBM antigen which may be important in the pathogenesis of RDEB.

Purpose: Parental cell: Organism: Tissue:

Model: Gender:

Isotype: IgG1 kappa Reactivity: Human

Selectivity: Host: Mouse

**Immunogen:** Cells from a single cell suspension of epidermal cells (obtained from fresh human neonatal foreskin) were lysed with Nonidet P40 in phosphate buffered saline and the insoluble pellet was sonicated to prepare insoluble fractions. The epitope is on the NC1 domain.

**Immunogen UNIPROT ID:** 

Sequence:

**Growth properties: Production details:**  Formulation:

**Recommended controls: Bacterial resistance:** Selectable markers:

Additional notes:

# Target details

Target: Collagen Type VII

**Target alternate names:** 

**Target background:** Type VII Collagen is found in anchoring fibrils at the dermal-epidermal junction. Type VII collagen is defective in Recessive Dystrophic Epidemolysis Bullosa (RDEB). LH7.2 can be used for differentiating invasive from non-invasive melanoma through clear visualisation of appearance and integrity of epidermal basement membrane and diagnosis and antenatal diagnosis of RDEB. LH 7:2 recognizes an EBM antigen which may be important in the pathogenesis of RDEB.

Molecular weight: 250 kDa

Ic50:

# **Applications**

ancer Tools.org Application: ELISA; IHC; IF; WB

**Application notes:** 

# **Handling**

Format: Liquid

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Passage number: **Growth medium:** Temperature: Atmosphere: Volume:

Storage medium:

Storage buffer: PBS with 0.02% azide Storage conditions: -15° C to -25° C Shipping conditions: Shipping at 4° C

### Related tools

Related tools:

#### References

References: Murray et al. 1995. Leuk Lymphoma. 17(5-6):501-8. PMID: 7549844.; Immunocytochemical studies of an antigen in a human T-cell lymphoma line (Jurkat) recognized by certain monoclonal antibodies to CD-13 (aminopeptidase-N).; van Hal et al. 1994. J Immunol. 153(6):2718-28. PMID: 7915741.; Potential indirect anti-inflammatory effects of IL-4. Stimulation of human monocytes, macrophages, and endothelial cells by IL-4 increases aminopeptidase-N activity (CD13; EC 3.4.11.2).; Ashmun et al. 1990. Blood. 75(2):462-9. PMID: 1967220.; Metalloprotease activity of CD13/aminopeptidase N on the surface of human myeloid cells.; Look et al. 1989. J Clin Invest. 83(4):1299-307. PMID: 2564851.; Human myeloid plasma membrane glycoprotein CD13 (gp150) is identical to aminopeptidase N.; Horton et al. 1985. Cancer Res. 45(11 Pt 2):5663-9. PMID: 4053038.; Monoclonal antibodies to osteoclastomas (giant cell bone tumors): definition of osteoclast-specific cellular antigens.

