# Anti-CDX1 [123a]

Catalogue number: 151546 Sub-type: Primary antibody

Images:

#### Contributor

**Inventor:** Walter Bodmer **Institute:** University of Oxford

Images:

### **Tool details**

#### \*FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY

Alternate name: Caudal Type Homeobox 1

Class: Monoclonal

Conjugate: 11

Conjugate: Unconjugated

Description: CDX1 is an intestine-specific transcription factor with a role in directing intestinal development, differentiation, proliferation and maintenance of the intestinal phenotype. Cdx1 positively regulates its own expression in the small intestine and colon of fetus and adult and promotes cellular growth and differentiation in epithelial intestinal cells. A reduction in human Cdx1 expression is associated with colorectal tumorigenesis. Both Cdx1 and Cdx2 genes must be expressed to reduce tumorigenic potential, to increase sensitivity to apoptosis and to reduce cell migration, suggesting that the two genes control the normal phenotype by independent pathways.

**Purpose:** Parental cell: Organism: Tissue: Model: Gender: Isotype: IgG1 Reactivity: Human

Selectivity: Host: Mouse

Immunogen: Human CDX-1 N-terminal peptide

Immunogen UNIPROT ID:

Sequence:

**Growth properties: Production details:**  Formulation:

Recommended controls: HT55, LS174T, RCM1

**Bacterial resistance:** Selectable markers: Additional notes:

### Target details

Target: CDX1

#### **Target alternate names:**

**Target background:** CDX1 is an intestine-specific transcription factor with a role in directing intestinal development, differentiation, proliferation and maintenance of the intestinal phenotype. Cdx1 positively regulates its own expression in the small intestine and colon of fetus and adult and promotes cellular growth and differentiation in epithelial intestinal cells. A reduction in human Cdx1 expression is associated with colorectal tumorigenesis. Both Cdx1 and Cdx2 genes must be expressed to reduce tumorigenic potential, to increase sensitivity to apoptosis and to reduce cell migration, suggesting that cancer Tools. the two genes control the normal phenotype by independent pathways.

Molecular weight: 32 kDa

Ic50:

## **Applications**

Application: ChIP; IF; WB; ChIP-seq

**Application notes:** 

## **Handling**

Format: Liquid

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Passage number: **Growth medium: Temperature: Atmosphere:** Volume:

**Storage medium:** 

Storage buffer: PBS with 0.02% azide Storage conditions: -15° C to -25° C Shipping conditions: Shipping at 4° C

### Related tools

Related t	tools:
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## References

References:

