

# Anti-CD29 [8E3]

**Catalogue number:** 152488

**Sub-type:** Primary antibody

**Images:**

## Contributor

**Inventor:** Martin Humphries

**Institute:** University of Manchester

**Images:**

## Tool details

**\*FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY**

**Name:** Anti-CD29 [8E3]

**Alternate name:** Integrin Subunit Beta 1; Glycoprotein Iia; MSK12; GPIIA; FNRB; MDF2; Very Late Activation Protein; Beta Polypeptide; Fibronectin Receptor Subunit Beta; Integrin VLA-4 Beta Subunit; CD29 Antigen; VLA-BETA; CD29; VLAB

**Class:** Monoclonal

**Conjugate:** Unconjugated

**Description:** Integrin beta1 (CD29) is a transmembrane glycoprotein that forms noncovalent complexes with various alpha integrin subunits to form the functional receptors that bind to specific extracellular matrix proteins. Integrin receptors are involved in cell adhesion and recognition in a variety of processes including embryogenesis, hemostasis, tissue repair, immune response and metastatic diffusion of tumor cells. Interactions between integrins and extracellular matrix lead to activation of signal transduction pathways and regulation of gene expression. Phosphorylation of threonines 788 and 789 on integrin beta1 receptor may play a key role in cell-cycle dependent regulation.

**Purpose:**

**Parental cell:**

**Organism:**

**Tissue:**

**Model:**

**Gender:**

**Isotype:** IgG1 kappa

**Reactivity:** Human

**Selectivity:**

**Host:** Mouse

**Immunogen:** Purified Integrin Beta1 from HT-1080 cells.

**Immunogen UNIPROT ID:**

**Sequence:**

**Growth properties:**

**Production details:**

**Formulation:**

**Recommended controls:** HT-1080 cell lysate

**Bacterial resistance:**

**Selectable markers:**

**Additional notes:**

## Target details

**Target:** Integrin beta-1 (CD29), VLA-4 subunit beta

**Target alternate names:**

**Target background:** Integrin beta1 (CD29) is a transmembrane glycoprotein that forms noncovalent complexes with various alpha integrin subunits to form the F $\alpha$ n receptors that bind to specific extracellular matrix proteins. Integrin receptors are involved in cell adhesion and recognition in a variety of processes including embryogenesis, hemostasis, tissue repair, immune response and metastatic diffusion of tumor cells. Interactions between integrins and extracellular matrix lead to activation of signal transduction pathways and regulation of gene expression. Phosphorylation of threonines 788 and 789 on integrin beta1 receptor may play a key role in cell-cycle dependent regulation.

**Molecular weight:**

**Ic50:**

## Applications

**Application:** ELISA ; IHC ; IP ; WB

**Application notes:**

## Handling

**Format:** Liquid

**Concentration:** 1 mg/ml

**Passage number:**

**Growth medium:**

**Temperature:**

**Atmosphere:**

**Volume:**

**Storage medium:**

**Storage buffer:** PBS with 0.02% azide

**Storage conditions:**

-15° C to -25° C

**Shipping conditions:** Shipping at 4° C

## Related tools

**Related tools:**

## References

**References:** Valdembri et al. 2009. PLoS Biol. 7(1):e25. PMID: 19175293. ; Neuropilin-1/GIPC1 signaling regulates alpha5beta1 integrin traffic and function in endothelial cells. ; Clark et al. 2005. J Cell Sci. 118(Pt 2):291-300. PMID: 15615773. ; A specific alpha5beta1-integrin conformation promotes directional integrin translocation and fibronectin matrix formation.

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